

# Rosh Hashanah Machzor, Musaf

**Our God** and God of our fathers remember us favorably before אַלהינו ואלהי אַבוֹתִינו זַכְרְנוּ **אַלהינו** שעקד אברהם אַבינוּ אֶת יִצְחַק בְּנוֹ על גבּי המזְבַּח God, the covenant, the kindness and the oath which You swore to וְכַבשׁ רחֲמֵיו לעֲשׂוֹת רְצוֹנְךְ our father Avraham on Mount Moriah, and let there appear his son Yitzchak upon the altar, and how he suppressed his compassion to do Your will with a whole heart; so may Your compassion suppress Your anger against us, and in Your great שֵׁל יַעַקֹב) הַיּוֹם בְּרַחֲמִים תִּזְכּוֹר: בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְהֹוָה זוֹכֵר הַבְּרִית goodness turn Your fierce anger away from Your people, and from Your city, from Your land, and from Your territorial heritage. And fulfill for us Adonoy, our God the promise You made in Your Torah, through Your servant, Moshe, from the mouth of Your glory, as it is said: "I will remember for them the covenant with their forefathers whom I took out of the land of Mitzrayim, before the eyes of the nations, to be their God; I am Adonoy." For He Who remembers all forgotten things from eternity, are You, and there is no forgetfulness before the Throne of Your Glory; and the binding of Yitzchak— on behalf of his descendants— may You remember it today with compassion. Blessed are You Adonoy, Who remembers the covenant.

# Torah Reading for 2nd Day of Rosh Hashanah

Genesis 22:1-18

(1) Some time afterward, God put Abraham to the test. He said to him, "Abraham," and he answered, "Here I am." (2) And He said, "Take your son, your favored one, Isaac, whom you love, and go to the land of Moriah, and offer him there as a burnt offering on one of the heights that I will point out to you." (3) So early next morning, Abraham saddled his ass and took with him two of his servants and his son Isaac. He split the wood for the burnt offering, and he set out for the place of which God had told him. (4) On the third day Abraham looked up and saw the place from afar. (5) Then Abraham said to his servants, "You stay here with the ass. The boy and I will go up there; we will worship and we will return to you." (6) Abraham took the wood for the burnt offering and put it on his son Isaac. He himself took the firestone and the knife; and the two walked off together. (7) Then Isaac said to his father Abraham, "Father!" And he answered, "Yes, my son." And he said, "Here are the firestone and the wood; but where is the sheep for the burnt offering?" (8) And Abraham said, "God will see to the sheep for His burnt offering, my son." And the two of them walked on together. (9) They arrived at the place of which God had told him. Abraham built an altar there: he laid out the wood: he bound his son Isaac: he laid him on the altar, on top of the wood. (10) And Abraham picked up the knife to slav his son. (11) Then an angel of the LORD called to him from heaven: "Abraham! Abraham!" And he answered, "Here I am." (12) And he said, "Do not raise your hand against the boy, or do anything to him. For now I know that you fear God, since you have not withheld your son, your favored one, from Me." (13) When Abraham looked up, his eye fell upon a ram, caught in the thicket by its horns. So Abraham went and took the ram and offered it up as a burnt offering in place of his son. (14) And Abraham named that site Adonai-yireh, whence the present saying, "On the mount of the LORD there is vision." (15) The angel of the LORD called to Abraham a second time from heaven, (16) and said, "By Myself I swear, the LORD declares: Because you have done this and have not withheld your son, your favored one, (17) I will bestow My blessing upon you and make your descendants as numerous as the stars of heaven and the sands on the seashore; and your descendants shall seize the gates of their foes. (18) All the nations of the earth shall bless themselves by your descendants, because you have obeyed My command."

(א) וַיָּהִי אַחַר הַדָּבַרִים הָאֶׁלָה וָהָאַלֹקִים נָפָה אַת־אַבְרָהָם וַיִּאמֵר אֶלֵיו אַבָּרָהָם וַיִּאמֵר הַנָּנִי: (ב) וַיֹּאמֶר קַח־נָּא אֶת־בִּנְךָּ אֶת־יִחִידְךָּ אֲשֶׁר־אָהַבְתָּ אֶת־יִצְחָׁק וְלֶדְּ־לְדְּ אֶל־אֶרֶץ הַמּרִיֶּה וָהַעַלָהוּ שַׁם לְעֹלֶה עַל אַחַד הָהַרִּים אַשֶׁר אֹמֵר אַלֵידָ: (ג) וַיַּשְׁכֵּם אַבְרַהַם בַּבֹּקר וַיַּחַבשׁ אַתר חַמֹּרוֹ וַיִּקֶּח אֶת־שָׁנִי נָעַרִיוֹ אָתֹּוֹ וְאָת יִצְחַק בָּנוֹ וַיְבַקַעֹ עַצִי עלֵה וַיִּקָם וַיֹּלַךְ אֶל־הַמַּקוֹם אַשֶּׁר־אָמַר־לוֹ הָאֱלֹקִים: (ד) בַּיִּוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי וַיִּשַּׂא אַבְרָהַם אַת־עֵינֵיו וַיִּרָא אַת־הַמַּקוֹם מַרַחֹק: (ה) וַיּאמֶר אַבְרָהָׁם אֶל־נְעָרָיו שְׁבוּ־לָכֶם פֹּהֹ עִם־הַחֲמֹוֹר וַאֲנִי וְהַנַּעַר נֵלְכָה עַד־כָּה וְנֵשְׁתַּחֵוֹה ַוְנַשִּׁוּבָה אֵלֵיכֶם: (ו) וַיִּקַּח אַבְרָהָם אֶת־עֲצֵי הָעלָה וַיָּשֶׁם עַל־יִצְחָק בְּנֹו וַיִּקַח בְּיָדׁו אֶת־הָאֵשׁ וְאֶת־הַמַּאֲכֵלֶת וַיַּלְכוּ שַׁנִיהָם יַחָדָו: (ז) וַיֹּאמֶר יָצָחָק אֶל־אַבַרַהָם אַבִּיוֹ וַיִּאמֶר אַבִּי וַיִּאמֶר הָנָּנִי בָנֵי וַיֹּאמֶר הַנָּה הַאֲשׁ וַהָעַצִּים וַאַיָּה הַשָּׁה לְעַלָה: (ח) וַיֹּאמֶר אַבְרַהָּם אֱלֹקִים יַרְאָה־לִּוֹ הַשֵּׁה לְעַלָה בָּנֵי וַיַּלְכָוּ שָׁנֵיהָם יַחָדָּו: (ט) וַיַּבֹאוּ אֱל־הַמַּקוֹם אֲשֶׁר אֲמַר־לְוֹ הַאֱלֹקִים וַיְּבֶן שָׁם אַבְרַהָם אָת־הַמַזְבֶּׁח וַיַּעַרְדָּ אֶת־הַעָצִים וַיִּעַקְדֹ אֶת־יִצְחָק בְּנוֹ וַיָּשָׁם אֹתוֹ עַל־הַמִּזְבֶּׁח מַמַעַל לְעָצִים: (י) וַיִּשָׁלַח אַבְרָהַם אֶת־יַדוֹ וַיַּקָּח אֶת־הָמַאֲכֵלֶת לְשָׁחָט אֶת־בַּנָוֹ: (יא) וַיִּקַרָּא אֲלַיו מַלְאָדְ ה' מִן־ הַשַּׁמִים וַיֹּאמֶר אַבְרָהָם ו אַבְרָהָם וַיִּאמֶר הַנָּנִי: (יב) וַיֹּאמֶר אַל־תַּשָׁלָח יַדְדְּ אֶל־הַנַּעַר וְאַל־ ַתַּעשׁ לוֹ מָאַוּמָה כֵּי וֹ עַתָּה יַדְעָתִּי כִּי־יַרָא אֱלֹקִים אַתַה וַלֹּא חַשַּׂבְתַּ אַת־בְּנָךְ אַת־יִחִידְדָּ מְמֵנַי: (יג) וַיִּשַּׂא אַבַרַהָּם אֶת־עֵינִיו וַיַּרָא וְהַנַּה־אַיִל אֲחֶׁר נַאֲחָז בַּסְבַדְּ בַּקַרְנֵיו וַיַּלַדְ אַבְרָהָם וַיִּקָח אֶת־ ָּהָאַיִל וַיִּעֲלֵהוּ לְעֹלָה תַּחַת בְּנְוֹ: (יד) וַיִּקְרָא אַבְרָהָם שֵׁם־הַמָּקוֹם הַהִּוּא ה' ו יִרְאֶה אֲשֶׁר יֵאָמֵר הַּיֹּוֹם בָּהַר ה' יַרָאָה: (טוֹ) וַיָּקָרָא מַלְאַךָּ ה' אֱל־אַבְרָהָם שַׁנִית מָן־הַשַּׁמֵיִם: (טז) וַיִּאמֶר בֵּי נִשְבַעִתִּי נָאָם־ה' כִּי יַעַן אֲשֶׁר עַשִּׂיתַ אֶת־הַדָּבֵר הַזָּה וְלֹא חַשַׂכְתַּ אֶת־בִּנְדָּ אֶת־יִחִידֵדְ: (יז) בֵּי־בַרְדְּ אַבַרְכִּדְּ וְהַרְבַּה אַרְבֵּה אַת־זַרְעַדְּ כִּכוֹכְבֵי הַשַּׁמַיִם וְכַחוֹוֹל אֲשֶׁר עַל־שָּׁפַת הַיָּם וְיַרְשׁ זַרַעַדְּ אַת שַׁעַר אֹיָבֵיו: (יח) וָהָתַבַּרַכָּוּ בָזַרַעַדְּ כָּל גּוֹיֵי הַאָרֵץ עֶּקב אַשֶׁר שַׁמַעַתַּ בַּקְלֵי:

## The Art of the Akeidah

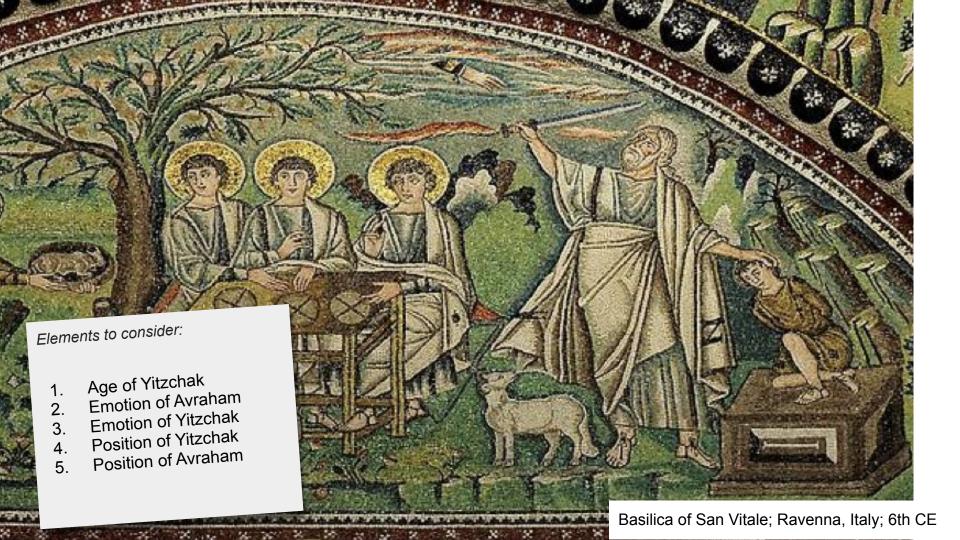
## Elements to consider:

- 1. Age of Yitzchak
- 2. Emotion of Avraham
- 3. Emotion of Yitzchak
- 4. Position of Yitzchak
- 5. Position of Avraham





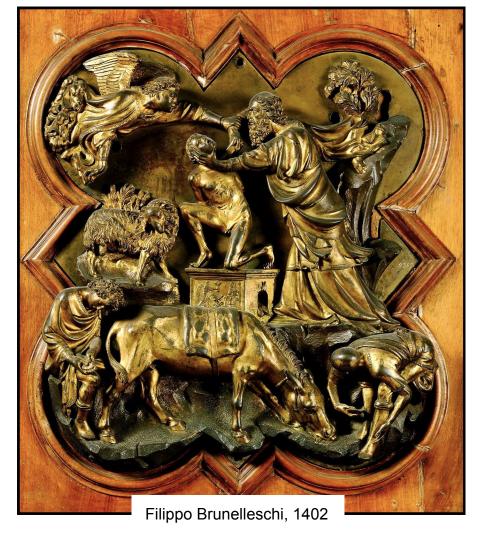


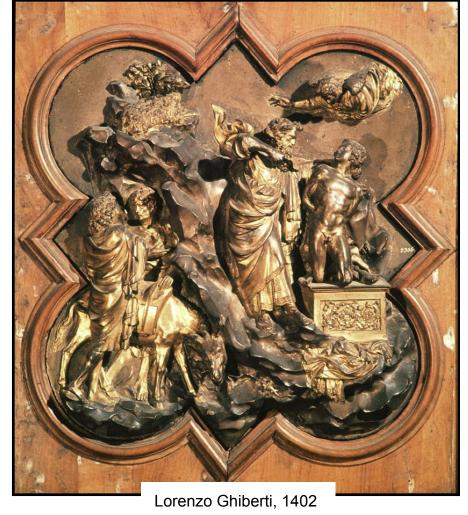


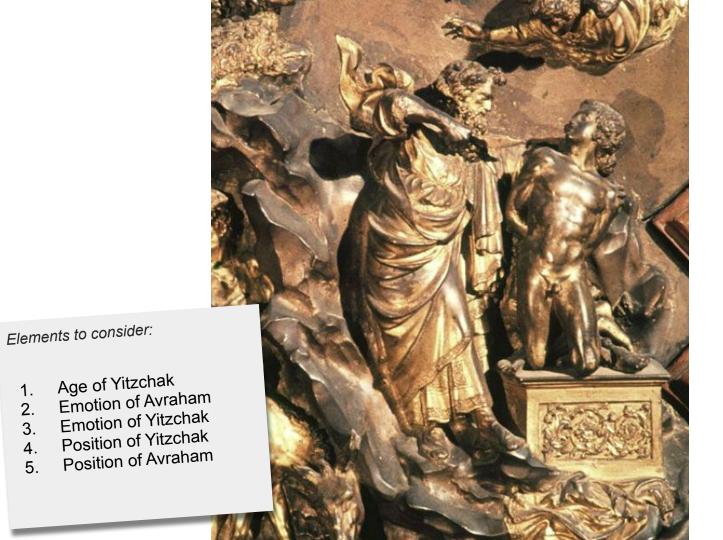




Baptistry of the Florence Cathedral (Duomo)



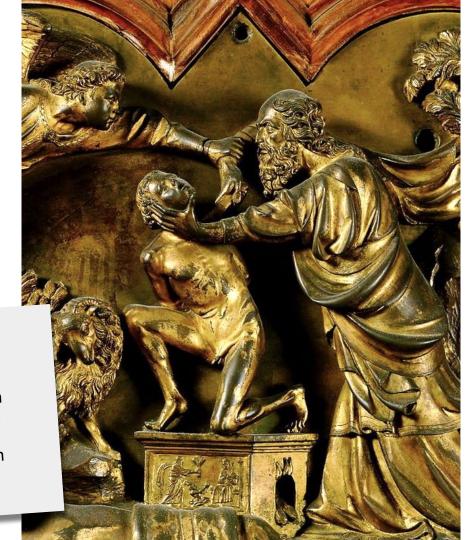




2. 3.

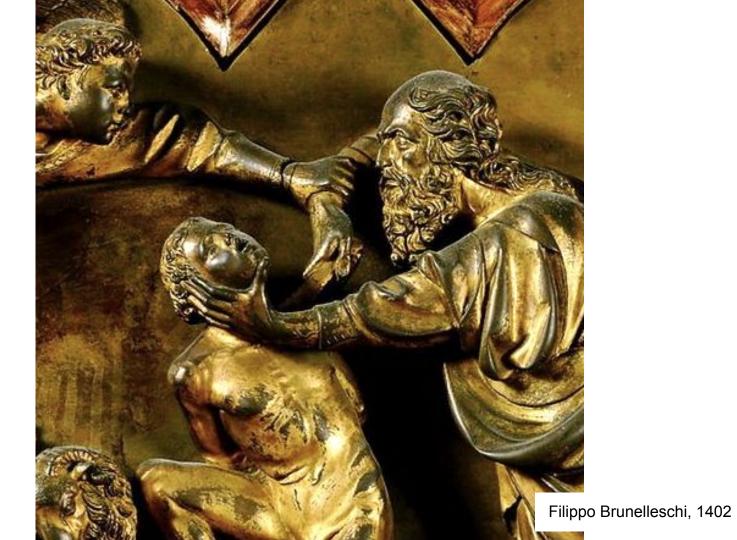
4. 5.

Lorenzo Ghiberti, 1402



## Elements to consider:

- Age of Yitzchak Emotion of Avraham
- 2. 3. Emotion of Yitzchak
- Position of Yitzchak
- 4. 5. Position of Avraham











Caravaggio, "Sacrifice of Isaac" 1603





## Elements to consider:

- Age of Yitzchak Emotion of Avraham
- 3. Emotion of Yitzchak
- Position of Yitzchak
- 4. 5. Position of Avraham

Rembrandt, "Sacrifice of Isaac," 1635





Rembrandt, "Sacrifice of Isaac," 1635



Rembrandt, "Abraham's Sacrifice," 1655



# Is it Jewish?

1. Age of Yitzchak	A child / teen	OR	An adult
2. Emotion of Avraham	Stoic / focused	OR	Confused
3. Emotion of Yitzchak	Stoic / happy	OR	Terrified
4. Position of Yitzchak	Stretching his neck	OR	Needing restraint
5. Position of Avraham	Looking forward	OR	Turned around

## Yitzchak's Age

#### Ibn Ezra on Genesis 22:5:1

...Our rabbis said that when Isaac was bound he was 37 years **old**. If that's what the tradition says, then we accept it. (But) by way of reason, this isn't correct: For it would (then) be fitting that the righteousness of Isaac that would be revealed and it would be that his reward would be two times the reward of his father, because he gave up himself in his willingness to be sacrificed. But, nothing is written about Isaac in the scripture. And others say that he was **5 years old**. This also isn't possible, for he lifted the wood for the offering. And those close to the knowledge (the most likely thing) (is) that he was close to 13 years old, and his father forced him, and bound him, for it wasn't his will. And the evidence is that his father hid the secret from him: "And he said, God will see to the sheep." Because, if he said to him, "you are the sacrifice" it is possible he would have fled.

### אבן עזרא על בראשית כ״ב:ה׳:א׳

... ורבותינו ז"ל אמרו שהיה יצחק כאשר נעקד בן שלשים ושבע שנים.
ואם דברי קבלה נקבל. ומדרך סברא אין זה נכון. שהיה ראוי שתהיה
צדקת יצחק גלוי' ויהיה שכרו כפול משכר אביו שמסר עצמו ברצונו
לשחיטה ואין בכתוב מאומה על יצחק. ואחרים אמרו שהיה בן חמש
שנים גם זה לא יתכן בעבור שישא עצי העולה. והקרוב אל הדעת שהי'
קרוב לי"ג שנים. והכריחו אביו ועקדו שלא ברצונו והעד שאביו הסתיר
הסוד ממנו ואמר אלהים יראה לו השה כי אילו אמר לו אתה העולה יתכן

## **Avraham and Yitzchak As Willing Participants**

#### Eicha Rabba, Introduction #24

Immediately Abraham opened up before The Holy One blessed is He and said, 'Master of the world, at one hundred years [of age] you gave me a son, and when he became an adult and was a lad of thirty seven years, you said to me, "bring him as a burnt offering before me." I acted upon him with cruelty and I did not pity him, rather I myself forced him. [Yet] you will not remember this for me, and you will not not have mercy upon my children!' Isaac opened up and said, 'Master of the world, when Dad told me (Genesis 22:8) "G-d will see to the sheep for His burnt offering, my son." I did not hesitate on his words, and I bound myself with the will of my heart upon the altar and I stretched my neck under the knife. [Yet] you will not remember this for me and you will not have mercy for my children.'

#### איכה רבה, פתיחתא כ״ד

מִיָּד פָּתַח אַבְרָהָם לִּפְנֵי הַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּהְ הוּא וְאָמֵר רְבּוֹנוֹ שֶׁל עוֹלָם לְמֵאָה שֶׁנָה נָתַתָּ לִּי בֵּן,
וּרְשֶׁעָמֵד עַל דַּעְתוֹ וְהָיָה בָּחוּר בָּן שְׁלשִׁים וָשֶׁבַע שָׁנִים אָמַרְתָּ לִי הַעֲלֵהוּ עוֹלָה לְפָנֵי, וְנַצֲשֵׂיתִי
עָלָיו כְּאַבְזָרִי וְלֹא רְחַמְמְּי עָלָיו, אֶלָּא אֲנִי בְּעַצְמִי כְּפַתְּתִּי אוֹתוֹ, וְלֹא תִזְכֹּר לִי זֹאת וְלֹא תְרַחֵם
עַל בְּנֵי. פָּתַח יִצְחָק וְאָמֵר רְבּוֹנוֹ שֶׁל עוֹלָם, כְּשֶׁאָמֵר לִי אַבָּא (בראשית כב, ח): אֱלֹהִים יִרְאָה לֹּוֹ הַשֶּׁה לְעֹלֶה בְּנִי, לֹא עִכַּבְתִּי עַל דְּבָרֶיךְ וְנַעֵּקְדְתִי בִּרְצוֹן לִבִּי עַל גַּבֵּי הַמִּזְבֵּח וּפְשֵּטְתִּי אֶת
צַּיָּאִרִי תַּחַת הַפַּבִּין, וְלֹא תִזְכֹּר לִי זֹאת וְלֹא תְרַחֵם עַל בָּנֵי.

### Rashi on Genesis 22:8:1

יראה לו השה — this means as much as: He will look out for and choose a lamb for Himself, and if there will be no lamb for a burnt offering, then, בני MY SON will be the offering. Although Isaac then understood that he was travelling on to be slain, yet.

### Rashi on Genesis 22:8:2

יילכו שניהם יחדיו THEY WENT BOTH OF THEM TOGETHER
— with the same ready heart (Genesis Rabbah 56:4).

### Rashi on Genesis 22:12:1

אל תשלח LAY NOT THINE HAND [UPON THE LAD] to slay him. Then he (Abraham) said to God, "If this be so, I have come here for nothing; let me at least inflict a wound on him and draw some blood from him". God replied, "Neither do thou anything (מום) to him" — inflict no blemish (מום) on him (Genesis Rabbah 56:7).

רש"י על בראשית כייב:חי:אי

יראה לו השה. כְּלוֹמַר יִרְאָה וְיִבְחַר לוֹ הַשֶּׂה, וְאִם אֵין שֶׂה, לעולה בני. וְאַף עַל פִּי שֶׁהַבִין יִצְחָק שֶׁהוּא הוֹלֵךְ לְהִשָּׁחֵט,

רש"י על בראשית כ״ב:ח׳:ב׳

וילכו שניהם יחדיו. בְּלֵב שָׁנֶה:

רש"י על בראשית כ״ב:י״ב:א׳

אל תשלח. לְשְׁחֹט; אָמֵר לוֹ אָם כֵּן לְחִנָּם בָּאתִי לְכָאן, אֶעֱשֶׂה בּוֹ חַבָּלָה אל תשלח. לְשְׁחֹט; אָמֵר לוֹ אל תעש לו מאומה – אַל תַּעַשׂ בּוֹ מוּם: אוֹצִיא מְמֶנוּ מְעַט דָּם, אָמֵר לוֹ אל תעש לו

## **Avraham and Yitzchak As Resistors**

#### Mishnah Taanit 2:4

For the conclusion of the first blessing he recites: **He Who** answered Abraham on Mount Moriah (see Genesis 22:11–18), He will answer you and hear the sound of your cry on this day. Blessed are You, Lord, Redeemer of Israel. For the second blessing, (to which he adds the verses of Remembrances) he recites: He Who answered our forefathers at the Red Sea (see Exodus 14:15–31), He will answer you and hear the sound of your cry on this day. Blessed are You, Lord, Who remembers the forgotten. For the third blessing (which includes the verses of *Shofarot*) he recites: ...

### Selichot Service, Ashkenaz and Sefard

He who answered Abraham our Father on Mount Moriah, He shall answer us. He who answered his son Isaac when he was bound upon on the Altar, He shall answer us. He who answered Jacob in Beit El, He shall answer us. He who answered Joseph in jail, He shall answer us.

#### משנה תענית ב':ד'

עַל הָרִאשׁוֹנָה הוּא אוֹמֵר, מִי שֶׁעָנָה אֶת אַבְּרָהָם בְּהַר הַמּוֹרִיָּה, הוּא יַצֵנֶה אֶתְכֶם וְיִשְׁמֵע בְּקוֹל צַעֲקַתְכֶם הַיּוֹם הַגָּה, בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה' גוֹאֵל יִשְׂרָאֵל. עַל הַשְׁנָּה הוּא אוֹמֵר, מִי שֶׁעָנָה אֶת אֲבוֹתִינוּ עַל יַם סוּף, הוּא יַעֲנָה אֶתְכֶם וְיִשְׁמֵע קוֹל צַעֲקַתְכֶם הַיּוֹם הַגָּה, בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה' זוֹכֵר הַנִּשְׁכָּחוֹת. עַל הַשְּׁלִישִׁית הוּא אוֹמֵר, ...:

#### סליחות, נוסח אשכנז ונוסח ספרד

מִי שֶׁעָנָה לְאַבְרָהָם אָבִינוּ בָּהָר הַמּוֹרְיָּה הוּא יַצַנֵנוּ. מִי שֶׁעָנָה לְיִצְחָק בְּנוֹ בְּשֶׁנָעֲקָד עַל גַּבֵּי הַמִּזְבֵּחַ הוּא יַצֲנֵנוּ. מִי שֶׁעָנָה לְיַעֻקֹב בְּבֵית אֵל הוּא יַצֲנֵנוּ. מִי שֶׁעָנָה לְיוֹסֵף בְּבֵית הָאֲסוּרִים הוּא יַצֲנֵנוּ. מִי שֶׁעָנָה לַאֲבוֹתֵינוּ עַל יַם סוּף הוּא יַצֵננוּ. ...

## Shenei Luchot HaBerit, Torah Shebikhtav, Vayera, Torah Ohr 2

...The commandment to Abraham to offer Isaac as a sacrifice is terribly difficult to understand. Especially so the fact that it is called מאכלת, "something that feeds," i.e. that the people of Israel still "feed" on the merit accumulated by our patriarch Abraham who took his only son and pre-ordained successor in order to slaughter him with his own hands because G-d had commanded him. Also the merit accumulated by Isaac who went along with this cheerfully, viz: Genesis 22,8: וילכו שניהם יחדו, is totally astounding. However, when you examine the text carefully, you will find that both Abraham and Isaac made efforts to escape this particular death, as has been pointed out by our sages. When Abraham answers his son's question "where is the lamb for the offering? by saying: G-d will select the lamb for Himself, my son," this is to be understood as a prayer to G-d to select a different offering (22,7-8). We must read the verse as: "If G-d does not select a different lamb, then לעולה, "my son will be the offering." Thus we find that Abraham prayed for a miracle by G-d. Because of Abraham's prayer and the fact that G-d responded favorably, we say nowadays in our סליחות prayers that "May the One who answered Abraham at Mount Moriah, also answer our prayers."

שני לוחות הברית, תורה שבכתב, וירא, תורה אור ב׳

... כי יש קושיא גדולה ועצומה בענין מעשה העקידה הנקרא (בראשית כב, ו) מאכלת שאוכלין ישראל בזכותה כי רב הוא מאוד, לקח את בנו יחידו הממלא את מקומו לשוחטו בידיו בשביל ציווי המקום ב"ה, וילכו שניהם יחדיו באהבה בשמחה לעשות רצון אבינו שבשמים, ועמד בנסיון הגדול הזה. אמנם כי דייקת שפיר, תמצא בפסוק ובדברי רז"ל שהיה אב ובנו מצדדים ליפטר ממיתה זו. אם בפסוק, כתיב (שם ח) ויאמר אברהם אלהים יראה לו השה, וזה היה תפלה ממנו שימציא הש"י שה במקומו, וסיים אח"כ, ואם לא ימציא לו הש"י שה אזי לעולה בני, מכל מקום התפלל הוא שיעשה לו הש"י נס, ושעל זה אנו אומרים (בסליחות) מי שענה לאברהם אבינו בהר המוריה הוא יעננו כי הוא נענה על תפלתו.

Pesikta Rabati 40:1

...The Holy One Blessed Be He immediately said to [the angel] Michael "What are standing there for?! Don't let him (kill Yitzchak)!

Michael began to call out to him (as it says): "And the Angel of Hashem called out to him from the heavens saying Avraham! Avraham!." He said it twice because he [Avraham] was hurrying to slaughter him [Yitzchak] and he [Michael] shouted like a man who is screaming due to danger saying "what are you doing?!"

### And so Avraham turned his head toward him [Michael].

He [Michael] said to him [Avraham]: "What are you doing? Don't cast your hand against the boy!" He [Avraham] responded: "Should I strangle him [instead]?" He [Michael] replied: "Don't do anything to him!" Avraham said to him: Which one is it?! The Holy One Blessed Be He told me to sacrifice him and you are telling me not to?!

Immediately [The Holy One Blessed Be He] jumped in and said: "My son, by Myself I swear, the LORD declares: Because you have done this and have not withheld your son, your favored one, [I will bestow My blessing upon you]...

מיד אמר הקדוש ברוך הוא למיכאל: מה אתה עומד?! אל תניחנו!

"ברהם", ב' מיכאל קורא אותו: "ויקרא אליו מלאך ה' מן השמים ויאמר אברהם אברהם", ב מעמים שהיה ממהר לשוחטו והיה צווח בו כאדם הצועק מתוך צרה "מה אתה עושה???"

אברהם הופך פניו אצלו.

אמר לו [מיכאל לאברהם]: מה אתה עושה?! אל תשלח ידך אל הנער!!! אמר לו: ואחנקנו? ואמר לו מאומה! אמר לו אברהם: חוץ מזו ומזו? הקב"ה אמר לי לקרב בני ואמר לא תקרבנו?!

מיד קפץ עליו [הקדוש ברוך הוא] ויאמר: בני, בי נשבעתי נאם ה' כי יען אשר לא חשכת את בנד את יחידך...".

#### Pesikta Rabati 40:1

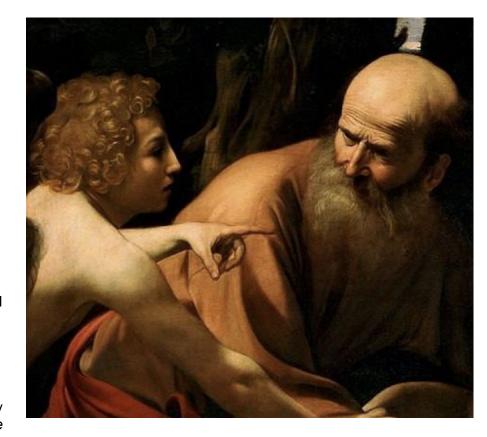
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#### Bereishit Rabbah 56:8

Another explanation: Rabbi Itzchak said, "At the time that Avraham sought to bind Itzchak, his son, [the latter] said to him, 'Father, I am a just a boy and I am worried that **my body will shake from fear of the knife** and I will trouble you, and the slaughtering will become invalid and it will not be considered a sacrifice for you. Rather, **tie me up very well.**'

Immediately, 'and he bound Itzchak.' Could he really tie up a man of thirty-seven (a different version: of twenty six years)? Rather, it was with his agreement. Immediately. 'And Avraham sent his hand.' He sends his hand to take the knife and his eyes brings down tears and the tears fall onto the eyes of Itzchak from the mercy of his father. And nonetheless, the heart was happy to do the will of his Maker.

...Rabbi Acha said, "Avraham started to become confused, 'These words are confusing. Yesterday, you told me (Genesis 21:12), "Because in Itzchak will your seed be called." And [then] you went back and said, "Please take your son." And now You say to me, "Do not send your hand to the youth." It is a confusing!' The Holy One, blessed be He, said, 'Avraham, "I will not profane My covenant and the utterances of My lips, I will not change" (Psalms 89:35) – When I said, "Please take your son," I did not say, "slaughter him," but rather, "and bring him up." For the sake of love did I say [it] to you: I said to you, "Bring him up," and you have fulfilled My words. And now, bring him down.'

#### בראשית רבה נייו:חי

דָּבֶר אַחֵר, אָמֵר רַבִּי יִצְחָק בְּשֶׁעָה שֶׁבָּקֵשׁ אַבְרָהָם לַצְקֹד יִצְחָק בְּנוֹ, אָמֵר לוֹ אַבָּא בָּחוּר אֲנִי וְחוֹשֵׁשַׁנִי שֶׁמָּא יִזְדַּצִזַע גּוּפִי מִפַּחָדָה שֶׁל סַכִּין וַאֲצַעֲרָדּ, וְשָׁמָּא תִּפָּסֵל הַשְּׁחִיטָה וְלֹא תַעֲלֶה לְדְּ לְקַרְבָּן, אֶלָא כָּפְתַנִי יָפָה יָפָה

, מִיֶּד וַיַּעֲקֹד אֶת יִצְחָק, כְּלוּם יָכוֹל אָדָם לְכְפּוֹת בֶּן שְׁלֹשִׁים וָשֶׁבַע [נסח אחר: בן עשרים ושש שנה] אָלֶּא לְדַעְתּוֹ. מִיֶּד וַיִּשְׁלַח אַבְרָהָם אֶת יָדוֹ, הוּא שׁוֹלֵחַ יָד לְטֹל אֶת הַסַּכִּין וְעֵינִיו מוֹרִידוֹת דְמָעוֹת וְנוֹפְלוֹת דְּמָעוֹת לְעֵינָיו שֶׁל יִצְחָק מֵרַחֲמָנוּתוֹ שֶׁל אַבָּא, וְאַף עַל פִּי כֵן הַלֵּב שָׂמַחַ לַעֲשׁוֹת רְצוֹן יוֹצְרוֹ...

אָמֵר רַבִּי אַחָא הִתְּחִיל אַבְרָהָם תָּמֵהַ, אֵין הַדְּבָרִים הַלֶּלוּ אֶלָא דְבָרִים שֶׁל תַּמַה, אֶתְמוֹל אָמַרְתָּ
(בראשית כא, יב): כִּי בְיִצְחָק יִקָּרֵא לְּדְּ זָרַע, חָזַרְתָּ וְאָמַרְתָּ (בראשית כב, ב): קַח נָּא אֶת בִּנְדְּ,
וְעַכְשִׁיו אַתְּ אָמֵר לִי (בראשית כב, יב): אֵל תִּשְׁלַח יָדְדָּ אֶל הַנַּעַר, אֶתְמָהָא. אָמֵר לוֹ הַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּדְ
הוּא אַבְרָהָם (תהלים פט, לה): לֹא אֲחַלֵּל בְּרִיתִי וּמוֹצָא שְׂפָתֵי לֹא אֲשַׁנֶּה. כְּשֶׁאָמַרְתִּי לְדְּ קַח נָא
אָמַרְתִּי שְׁחָטֵהוּ, אֶלָּא וְהַצְּלֵהוּ, לְשֵׁם חִבָּה אָמַרְתִּי לָדְּ, אֲסִקְתֵּיה וְקִיּמְתָּ דְּבָרִי, וְעַתָּה
אַחַתִּינֵיה.

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סליחות, נוסח אשכנז ונוסח ספרד

מִי שֶׁעָנָה לְאַבְרָהָם אָבִינוּ בְּהַר הַמּוֹרִיָּה הוּא
יַצְנֵנוּ. מִי שֶׁעָנָה לְיִצְחָק בְּנוֹ כְּשֶׁנְּעֲקַד עַל גַּבֵּי
הַמִּזְבַּחַ הוּא יַצְנֵנוּ. מִי שֶׁעָנָה לְיִצְקֹב בְּבֵית אֵל
הוּא יַצְנֵנוּ. מִי שֶׁעָנָה לְיוֹסֵף בְּבֵית הָאֲסוּרִים הוּא
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# Selichot Service, Ashkenaz and Sefard

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